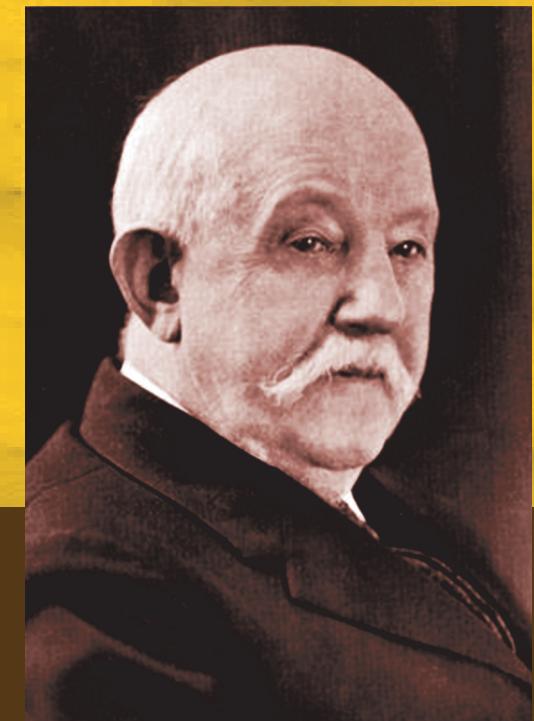


Repertory of Hering's
Guiding Symptoms
of our
Materia Medica



Calvin B. Knerr, M.D.

REPERTORY
Of
HERING'S
GUIDING SYMPTOMS
Of Our
MATERIA MEDICA

CALVIN B. KNERR, M.D.



B. Jain Publishers (P) Ltd.
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EDITOR'S NOTE

With great pleasure I place this rearranged version of REPERTORY OF HERING'S GUIDING SYMPTOMS OF OUR MATERIA MEDICA BY CALVIN B. KNERR. In this rearranged version I have made the following changes:

The rubric word, or the heading of each word is in bold capitals. This rubric word applies to each symptom till it reaches the next rubric word. Before sub rubrics there are one or two dashes, the first dash denotes the rubric word and the second dash the sub rubric, e.g.:

EMOTION; ailments from:

- causes **diarrhea**:
- - with colicky pains,...

Instead of I, II, I, II marks or signs before the remedies I have changed the fonts of the medicines to denote the grades of the medicines. Thus:

two double thick II line is **BOLD CAPITALS**

single thick I line is ordinary CAPITALS

two thin double II line is **Bold Roman**

single thin I line is *Roman italics*

and the fifth is in ordinary Roman.

For example, Sulphur will be in above five fonts — **SULPH.**, **SULPH.**, **Sulph.**, *Sulph.*, Sulph. And regarding the other signs ; the three perpendicular dotted lines becomes *Sulph.*, (t) becomes superscript ^(t)*Sulph.*, the π becomes Sulph.

The ↗ denotes the cross references in the original but this has been changed as (See)

Please note DELUSION, of **ghosts** (**See images; vision**) : the cross reference is under the same rubric [all in roman].

ANXIETY (**See Apprehension; Dread; Fear; Foreboding; Solicitude; Uneasy.**) The cross reference is under the same chapter [the First letter in Capital].

NYMPHOMANIA (**See Nymphomania** under GENITALIA—FEMALE) the cross reference is under another chapter. [The chapter name in CAPITALS].

Regarding the abbreviations of medicines there are changes and the abbreviations and the alphabetical order of abbreviations are mostly like of SYNTHESES 8 version. In the list of abbreviation of medicines you can see three columns. Under the first column abbreviations now used in this version, under the second in the original and the third the name of the medicine. Please note the change regarding Alum., Alumn., Euph., Euphr., Phys., (old Calad.), Bol-la., (old polyp.), etc.

Lastly the arrangement of the chapters. Some chapters are combined, Instead of the 48 chapters in the original work I have used only 33 chapters, as far as possible like that of Kent's Repertory. The chapter "Drug Relationship" has been left.

Thanks are due to Shri. Kuldeep Jain of B. Jain Publishers (P) Ltd., New Delhi, for the encouragement given to me and the ready acceptance for the publication of this voluminous work and to my friend Dr. Frederik Schroyens, Belgium, for the permission given gladly to use the abbreviations of medicines

I hope this version would prove more easy for reference and the profession will accept the rearrangement with warm hearts.

Prasanthi,
Kollengode.

P. Sivaraman

PREFACE

The order of arrangement, or method of classification, followed in the compilation of this repertory is the one inaugurated by Hahnemann, developed, perfected and used by Hering throughout his entire *Materia Medica* work, *viz*: the anatomical, or regional division into forty-eight chapters.

It is only alphabetic arrangement possible that will not scatter and separate what should be collective and contiguous. Each chapter is alphabetically divided into sections and rubrics sufficient to allow full scope for analysis of the matter contained therein *without destroying consistency as a whole*. Like to a fugue, a musical composition in which the lesser parts repeat the motive of the entire composition, repetition is progress by evolution or development, or, as expressed by Hering in the introduction to his *Analytical Therapeutics*, “the comprehension of general principles, ruling the whole in every part, enables the mind to find the way through thickets of endless varying symptoms.”

The division of the page into double column is deemed most convenient for the eye and is most advantageous to economy of space.

The section word is repeated down the columns in preference to the customary -, which, like all marks of abbreviation, ciphers, signs, etc., are apt to become confusing and are not as space-saving as might be supposed. The words *right and left, better and worse*, etc., etc., to avoid possible error, are printed out in full.

The **rubric word**, or heading to each paragraph, printed in somewhat bolder and blacker type and followed by a : (colon), applies to each symptom in the paragraph, that is, the black-letter word is to be mentally repeated for every sentence rounded with a semicolon. It will be observed that the symptoms under each rubric follow in alphabetic order.

The four marks of distinction, I, II, /, II, have the same significance as set down in *Guiding Symptoms*, i, the lowest, a single light line, designating an occasionally confirmed symptom; II, a double light line, a symptom more frequently confirmed, or, if once confirmed, strictly in character with the genius of the remedy; I, a single heavy line, symptom verified by cures; II, a double heavy line, symptom repeatedly verified. These degree marks tally in the main with the four styles of type used by Boenninghausen in his *Repertory*. I have also made use of them in giving prominence to the *relative values* of remedies occurring in groups, under a general rubric, like **dysmenorrhoea, restlessness, rheumatism, etc.**

6, the Greek "theta" standing between the cured symptom and the pathological condition, or the physiological general state, throughout the Guiding Symptoms, is dispensed with here; mainly for the purpose of economizing space, by enclosing the pathological or physiological term in parentheses; it is to be remembered that the presence of the term by no means shuts out of the usefulness of the symptom in other forms of disease. The prescriber has to deal with both objective and subjective facts, but should always bear in mind that *individualization is the life of therapeutics*.

:, The perpendicular dotted line, marks observations taken from the Old School, such as harmonize with our law of cure.

t, toxicological extracts.

, symptoms observed on the sick only.

☞, the hand directs in cross-reference to related symptoms, diseases and conditions. As no rule of classification is without exceptions, and no single term can be made to cover all shades of related meaning, the synonymous feature of this work should commend itself to the busy practitioner. In tracing these synonyms, which like search-lights are intended to throw light upon the case from all directions, the author has spent much time and labor, but he thinks it time and labor well spent.

The repertory is supplemented by a complete index of localities and terms.

As in the Guiding Symptoms, so in the repertory, original readings, the words of the prover and the clinician are preserved to the letter, it being thought preferable to retain the most delicate shades of meaning, occasionally even different wordings of the same symptom, by taking refuge in an extra rubric or cross-reference, sooner than amalgamate, fuse or commingle in vague generalization at the sacrifice of individuality.

Although the repertory is a faithful reproduction of the Guiding Symptoms, its contents classified and indexed, as a matter of course, in no way can it take the place of the larger work. In a repertory we have separation by analysis for the purpose of classification and ready reference; in Materia Medica, combination by synthesis to enable us to study drug-effects in their grand unity and relationship.

Grateful acknowledgment from the author is due to all who in the last four years have helped him bring the work to completion; to Dr. Joseph C. Guernsey, for valuable assistance with the proofs; to Dr. W.H. Phillips, Messrs. Douty, Ziegler and Field, his son Bayard and others of his family, for clerical assistance; and last but not least, to his brother-in-law, Walter E. Hering, under whose experienced and skilful management, aided by his old and reliable foreman, Wm. Baetzel, the unusually difficult composition and presswork have taken shape.

In a work of this kind the author can lay but small claim to originality.

We have only given the precious stones their settings. They have come from many mines. They have received the polish of years of clinical verification at the hands of our practitioners. Some shine with more brilliancy than others, all reflect the light of wisdom by which we are guided in *healing the sick*.

CALVIN B. KNERR

*N.E. Cor. Spruce and Twelfth Sts.,
Philadelphia.*

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EXPECTORATION

EXPECTORATION; absent (See inability; also Cough dry) : ACON., ANT-S-AUR., Eug., Lith-c., **STICT.**, **Tub.**

- - ceases with cough : **Asaf.**
- - ceases, in whooping cough : LOB.
- - with evening and night cough : BRY.
- - suppressed : *Asc-t.*
- **acrid** : Caust., Cham., *Chen-a.*, NIT-AC.
- - corrodes linen : IOD.
- - mucus : **SIL.**
- - yellowish, at times mixed with coagulated blood and tasting putrid or saltish : Merc.
- **albuminous** (See transparent) : Ferr., Med., PHOS., STANN.
- - mucus : COC-C., IP.
- - mucus, in phthisis pulmonum : **Sep.**
- - profuse like the white of an egg, tough, white or whitish-yellow, can be drawn into threads and has saltish taste : COC-C.
- - a little transparent mucus, like white of egg, with sourish taste (asthma) : MEPH.
- **amelioration** : ARS., Ars-h., CIST.
- - of cough : ANT-T., Iod.
- - from slight : Meli.
- **black** (See dark) : Arn., Bell., CHIN., Elaps, Lyc., Nux-v., Ox-ac., Puls., Rhus-t., Sul-ac.
- - bordering on : Cur.
- - in vicarious menses : DIG.
- - with cough, worse in morning, pain at sternum like pins and needles : KALI-BI.
- - tough, with pain in back, striking through to sternum : KALI-BI.
- **bloody** (See Lungs, hemorrhage under CHEST) : Acal., ACON., AIL., Aloe, Anan., Ant-s-aur., Aran., Arg-n., ARN., Ars., **Arum-t.**, Bell., Bism., **Bry.**, Bufo, CALC., Carb-v., CHEL., CHIN., Coch., Con., Cop., Croc., DIG., DROS., Dulc., Elaps, Erig., FERR., Gamb., HAM., HEP., Hippoz., Hyos., KREOS., Lach., Lachn., Laur., Led., **LYC.**, Mag-m., Mang-c., MERC., MEZ., NIT-AC., **Nux-m.**, Oena., OL-J., **PHOS.**, Plb., **PULS.**, RHUS-T., Sabad., Sabin., **Sang.**, SEP., Sil., Squil., Tril-p., **Tub.**
- - brought on by sea bathing : MAG-M.
- - coagulated : KREOS., Zinc.

- - during violent efforts to breathe : Sec.
- - brickdust color, with dry cough : Bry.
- - brick-dust color, raised with difficulty, in throat, high fever and involuntary diarrhea : Rhus-t.
- - as if mixed with brickdust (pneumonia) : LACH.
- - bright : ACON., **Dulc.**, NUX-V.
- - bright and bloody, with cough and qualmish feeling in chest : RHUS-T.
- - bright, in whooping cough : ARS.
- - bright, mixed with coagula : HYOS.
- - bright, during day, in whooping cough : ZINC.
- - bright, sometimes in consequence of violent exertion : MILL., RHUS-T.
- - bright, foam-ing : LED.
- - bright, frothy, often preceded by hawking, with sensation of fullness and internal restlessness, so that he is filled with anxiety : **Ph-ac.**
- - bright, in haemoptysis : ARS.
- - bright, seems to come from larynx, with cough : Cob.
- - bright, when lying down : Sabad.
- - bright, worse at night, after repeated colds and exposure to rain : **Phos.**
- - bright, in pneumonia : **VERAT-V.**
- - in bronchitis : Arn.
- - brown : RHUS-T.
- - brownish, with pneumonia : CHEL.
- - brownish, with tearing cough (pneumonia) : **Nux-v.**
- - with burning in chest : Zinc.
- - clear, in pneumonia : FERR-P.
- - clot-like in vicarious menses : DIG.
- - clotted : CHAM., RHUS-T., **Tub.**
- - clotted, with cough, violent before rising in morning : NUX-V.
- - clotted, in whooping cough : **ARN.**
- - clotted, during day : NIT-AC.
- - lumps of coagula enveloped in mucus : Coll.
- - mixed with coagula : KALI-N.
- - coagulated, brown, during day : BRY.
- - with cough : **Acal.**, ACON., Aran., *Calc-s.*, CROT-H., Nat-m., PH-AC., Ter.
- - with cough, in erysipelas : **Rhus-t.**
- - with cough, menses suppressed : MILL.
- - constant hacking cough : KALI-BI.
- - dry cough : Zinc.

- - dry cough, in mastitis : **Phos.**
- - frightful cough : **STANN.**
- - hard shaking cough : **Coll.**
- - severe cough, in lung affections : **KALI-N.**
- - troublesome cough : **Vario.**
- - often without cough : **Cur.**
- - after whooping cough : **CROT-H.**
- - in whooping cough : **ZINC.**
- - whooping cough, worse at night : **Con.**
- - dark : **CHAM., DIG., Sulph.**
- - dark, coagulated : **BROM., PULS.**
- - dark, with cough in evening : **PH-AC.**
- - dark, in daytime, with coagula, cough : **NIT-AC.**
- - dark with cough brought on by cold damp spell: **Stict.**
- - dark, in spasmodic whooping cough : **SULPH.**
- - dark, frothy, viscid, brought up by slight cough : **Sec.**
- - dark, morning and during day : **MAG-C.**
- - dark, mixed with mucus : **CUPR.**
- - dark, coagula : **PULS.**
- - discolored : **FERR.**
- - in dyspepsia : **ARG-N.**
- - in epidemic affection : **CARD-M.**
- - foaming, in whooping cough : **ARN.**
- - fresh blood, in pneumonia : **IOD.**
- - frothy mucus : **APIS.**
- - frothy, daily, particularly in morning (hemoptysis) : **Sulph.**
 - - hemorrhagic (remittent fever) : **HYOS.**
 - - hot sensation in chest : **PSOR.**
 - - preceded by itching in throat : **Am-m.**
 - - in chronic laryngitis : **MERC.**
 - - in lean people with cough, yellowish color of face, cannot sleep well at night : **FERR.**
 - - light : **Am-c.**
 - - in morning, mixed with mucus of putrid sweetish taste (tussis convulsive) : **IP.**
 - - light red, half a pint in all, with cough and great prostration : **MILL.**
 - - in disease of liver, pure blood : **CARD-M.**
 - - liver-colored mass (vicarious menstruation) : **DIG.**
 - - lumps of coagulated, enveloped in mucus, with cough : **Coll.**
 - - in consequence of destroyed lung parenchyma (tuberculosis) : **MERC.**
 - - in measles : **LACH.**
 - - before and during menses : **Zinc.**
 - - vicarious menses : **PHOS.**
 - - in morning : **CALC., HEP.**

- - especially in morning : **Fl-ac.**
- - on getting up in morning : **Aesc.**
- - morning and evening : **BUFO, Zinc.**
- - mucous : **Bell., Ind., NAT-M.**
- - mucus, mixed with dark blood : **CUPR.**
- - mucus, with dry cough (bronchitis) : **PHOS.**
- - mucous, with emaciation : **CALC.**
- - mucous, brought on by exertion, reading, talking or laughing, worse in morning (affection of fauces and larynx) : **KALI-BI.**
- - mucous, hawking : **FERR.**
- - mucous, with congestion to head : **MILL.**
- - mucous, in morning : **Bell., IP.**
- - mucous, raises a mouthful at a time, light, rusty, stringy, easily separated (pneumonia) : **LYC.**
- - mucous, when coughing, preceded by stitches inside : **Zinc.**
- - mucous, striped, with aphonia : **ARG-N.**
- - two ounces of, after tearing in chest while drawing a full breath : **Ran-b.**
- - pains in throat and chest : **MYRT-C.**
- - pale : **RHUS-T.**
- - pale, frothy : **SIL.**
- - with palpitation : **MERC.**
- - in phthisis : **BROM., Senec.**
- - in incipient phthisis : **ERIG., TRIL-P.**
- - in subacute pleuritis : **ARG-N.**
- - in pneumonia : **ANT-T., CACT., CHEL., LYC., PHOS., Sulph.**
- - in pleuro-pneumonia : **BRY.**
- - in typhoid pneumonia : **Lachn.**
- - with irregular pulse (typhoid) : **NIT-AC.**
- - pure, morning and during day (whooping cough) : **ZINC.**
- - pure, worse morning and evening : **BUFO.**
- - purple, in senile pneumonia : **DIG.**
- - purulent : **CALC., DROS., HEP., SIL., Sulph.**
- - pus and clotted blood, with cough, in variola : **Vacc.**
- - reddish : **Oena.**
- - reddish, with racking cough (typhoid fever) : **PHOS.**
- - reddish, mucous : **MANG-C., SQUIL.**
- - rusty : **Bry., Cub., PHOS.**
- - rusty, in typhoid : **RHUS-T.**
- - rusty, vicarious menses : **DIG.**
- - rusty, in pneumonia : **ANT-T., Hippoz., IOD., LYC., PHOS.**
- - rusty yellow, in pneumonia : **IOD.**
- - saliva, before menses : **NAT-M.**

- - saliva, with asthenic pneumonia : MERC.
- - sero-sanguineous (typhus) : **Zinc.**
- - of small quantities of blood, with puslike phlegm : Anis.
- - solid mass of bloody mucus which when discharged affords immediate relief (vicarious menses) : DIG.
- - sore pain in chest : Zinc.
- - streaked : ACON., All-s., Arg-n., ARN., **ARS.**, BELL., Bism., Borx., Bry., Bufo, CEDR., Chin., Cub., DAPH., ERIG., **FERR.**, IOD., IP., Lachn., Laur., Mag-c., Op., **PHOS.**, **PULS.**, Sabin., SUL-AC., TER., Verat-v., Zinc.
- - streaked, in bronchitis : Arn., MERC., PHOS.
- - streaked, in bronchitis, after catching cold or getting wet : **Op.**
- - streaked, in chronic bronchitis : PHOS.
- - streaked, with cough : ERIG.
- - streaked, with cough (pneumonia) : CHEL.
- - streaked, in whooping cough : ZINC.
- - streaked, in diphtheria : KALI-BI.
- - streaked, caused by least exertion or cold air, congestion in opposite lung (phthisis) : FERR-P.
- - streaked, in gastric nervous fever : LACH.
- - streaked, only in morning, with cough : **Ferr.**
- - streaked, mucous : CHIN., HYOS., KALI-C., LYC.
- - streaked mucous, with cough (pneumonia) : CHEL.
- - streaked, mucous (whooping cough) : CINA.
- - streaked, in pneumonia : LYC., PHOS.
- - streaked in pleuro-pneumonia : ANT-T.
- - streaked, in typhoid-pneumonia : LACHN.
- - sudden : KREOS.
- - traces of blood : KALI-BI.
- - in typhus : ARG-N., TER.
- bluish** : Nat-ar., Sulph.
- - in beginning, then white, alternately : Arund.
- - in emphysema : BROM.
- - lump of mucus with cough : KALI-BI.
- bronchia** : (See Bronchia **catarrh**, **mucus** under LARYNX and TRACHEA).
- brown** (See **bloody**; **dark**; **dirty**) : ACON., Carb-v., NIT-AC., Rhus-t.
- - dark, in gangrene of lungs : CARB-AN.
- - dirty, not rusty, in pleuro-pneumonia : CAPS.
- - liver-colored : Bry.
- - large lumps : Agar.
- - sero-albuminous (influenza) : ANT-T.
- casts**; after raising large lumps of mucus, greenish-whitish, as if from air-cells, sometimes hanging

- together and spreading out in vessel (See **cessation**; **absent**; **inability**) : NIT-AC.
- chest**; as if cold and hollow after expectoration : ZINC.
- - relieves oppression : MANC.
- - feeling as if plug of mucus were moving in : Coc-c.
- - purulent matter, offensive in odor and taste, accompanied by pain referred to third costal cartilage (left bronchus), may or may not go through to back (bronchial catarrh and phthisis) : PIX.
- in **cholera**; with cough : CIC.
- **cold** : Bry., Calad., Cann-s., COR-R., Lach., Merc., Nit-ac., Nux-v., Rhus-t., Sulph.
- - in chronic bronchial catarrh : PHOS.
- - mucous, flat taste : BRY.
- constant** : Arg-met., Eug.
- - day and night, with cough : Carb-an.
- - mucus : SQUIL.
- - in chronic inflammation of pancreas : IOD.
- - viscid mucus : **Vario.**
- - provoked by sensation of weight and strangulation at larynx : **Phos.**
- consumption** : (See **phthisis**).
- cough** : (See Cough).
- dark** (See **black**; **bloody**; **brown**; **dirty**; **gray**) : ARS., Bism., Nat-ar., Nux-m.
- during **day** (See Cough, **by day**) : Acon., Alum., Am-c., ANAC., Ant-t., Arg-met., Arn., **ARS.**, Bell., Bry., CALC., **Carb-an.**, Caust., CHAM., Chin., Cocc., Colch., Con., Euphr., GRAPH., HEP., HYOS., Kali-c., Lach., Lyc., Mag-c., Mag-m., Mang-c., MERC., NIT-AC., NUX-V., Op., **Phos.**, **PULS.**, Rhus-t., Sabad., Samb., **SIL.**, STANN., Squil., STRONT-C., Sulph., Verat., Zinc.
- - with cough : Cham., HEP.
- - with whooping cough, worse at night : Con.
- - in croup : PHOS.
- - and evening : GRAPH.
- - and evening, in bronchitis : Arn.
- - during motion : FERR.
- - in whooping cough : Con.
- difficult** : Alum., Ambr., Am-mc., ARN., ARS., Aspar., BENZ-AC., BROM., BRY., CALC., CAUST., Chlor., CHIN., Cina, Con., Cub., KALI-C., LACH., Lycps-v.
- - in bronchitis : Arn., ARS., IP.
- - in bronchitis of old people and infants : **ANT-T.**
- - cannot raise when loosened (pertussis; pneumonia) : ARN.
- - with cough : CUPR., LACH., **Rumx.**

- - with dry cough : **NIT-AC.**
- - with cough followed by gaping : **OP.**
- - with cough (pneumonia) : **NUX-V.**
- - with cough from tickling in chest (inflammation of lungs) : **CORN.**
- - in whooping cough : **SENEG.**
- - causing long efforts of coughing (bronchitis) : **MANG-C.**
- - with cough during day : **Euphr.**
- - in diphtheria : **LACH.**
- - evening and night (phthisis) : **Stann.**
- - feeble : **Ammc.**
- - in remittent fever : **HYOS.**
- - gray, tasteless mucus (croup) : **Lac-ac.**
- - with haemoptoe, leaving severe dyspnoea : **PHOS.**
- - in affection of larynx : **KALI-BI.**
- - hard lumps of offensive taste (tuberculosis) : **LACH.**
- - of a small lump of mucus, with short, dry cough : **Lac-d.**
- - in lumps of tough mucus : **Mang-c.**
- - in early morning : **Arund.**
- - mucus : **Asc-t., Nat-ar., NAT-M.**
- - mucous, in vicarious menses : **DIG.**
- - of bronchial mucus, with cough : **COR-R.**
- - glairy mucus : **MERC-C.** (complementary to **Hepar** and **Phosphorus**).
- - in phthisis : **KALI-C.**
- - nearly impossible in torpid typhoid pneumonia : **SULPH.**
- - loose and tight by turns : **BAR-C.**
- - in pulmonary affections, pneumonia : **SANG.**
- - small quantities of muco-purulent matter (phthisis) : **Sulph.**
- - in pleuritis rheumatica : **ANT-T.**
- - straining : **LACH.**
- - salty, has to be swallowed : **LACH.**
- - brought up at risk of suffocation : **LACH.**
- - thick, roundish lumps : **LACH.**
- - with cough from tickling in chest (inflammation of lungs) : **CORN.**
- - can raise only to tongue, from which it must be wiped (typhus) : **APIS.**
- - tough mucus : **MANG-C.**
- - too weak to cough : **ANT-T.**
- - whitish mucus : **Sep.**
- - followed by yawning : **OP.**
- **dirty** (See **brown**; **dark**) : **CALC., HEP., KALI-BI., LYC., NIT-AC., PHOS.**

- - resembling pus, but thinner, when falling on any hard, smooth surface will break and fly like thin batter (pneumonia) : **PHOS.**
- - with stertor and stitches in chest (bronchitis) : **LYC.**
- **easy** : **KALM., Spong.**
- - in bronchitis : **Zinc.**
- - with cough : **Dol.**
- - in laryngitis, exostoses in skull : **ARG-MET.**
- - in morning : **Coc-c.**
- - mucous : **Dol.**
- - thick, yellow : **PULS.**
- in **evening** : **ARN., BAR-C., BELL., BOV., Bry., Calc., Cina, GRAPH., Ign., Kali-c., Kali-n., LYC., MUR-AC., NUX-V., Phos., RUTA, Sep., Stann.**
- - difficult, rarely, in morning : **IGN.**
- **fetid** : (See **odor**; **taste**).
- **fever**; constant irritation causes evening, with hot hands and cheeks : **KALI-N.**
- **foamy**; in bronchitis, in the aged : **AM-C.**
- **forcible** : (See **hawking**).
- **frequent**; easy, in morning : **Phel.**
- **frothy** (See **bloody**) : **Alet., ANT-T., ARS., Asc-t., CALC., CEDR., Chlor., CHIN., DAPH., Dios., Ferr., Lach., Mez., NAT-M., OENA., Petr., PHOS., PULS., Sec., Sil., Stict., Ter., VERAT.**
- - after attack of asthma, at night : **HEP.**
- - blood and mucus : **Op.**
- - with stitches in side, and cough : **Puls.**
- - with cough and burning in throat : **Urt-u.**
- - teasing cough (pneumonia) : **Nux-v.**
- - after whooping cough : **CROT-H.**
- - with dyspnoea : **SPONG.**
- - mucus : **Eucal.**
- - mucus, in bronchitis : **Zinc.**
- - copious mucus follows frequent cough : **Thuj.**
- - lying on back (bronchitis) : **Ars.**
- - in pneumonia : **ACON., ANT-T., ARN., PHOS.**
- - serous masses, with spasmodic cough : **KALI-PH.**
- - like soapsuds (pneumonia; oedema pulmonum) : **KALI-I.**
- - fine, white, tasteless, every half minute : **Phos.**
- **gluey** : (See **tenacious**).
- **granular** : (See **lumpy**).
- **gray** (See **dark**; **dirty**) : **Ambr., Anac., Arg-met., ARS., Chin., Cub., Cur., KALM., Kreos., Lach., Mag-m., Nat-s., NUX-V., SIL., Syph., Thuj.**
- - ash-colored clots : **Arund.**
- - black mucus, easy during morning : **Aster.**

- - in chronic bronchitis : IOD.
- - with cough, worse evening and morning : KALI-C.
- - dirty, in amenorrhoea : Xan.
- - in exostosis on skull : ARG-MET.
- - fetid : CALC.
- - free, with cough (phthisis) : CUR.
- - gelatinous, easily raised from trachea : Arg-met.
- - large quantities of mucus, as if mixed with dust : PHOS.
- - lumpy mucus, an hour after slight coughing, with dyspnoea : SPONG.
- - especially in morning : CALC.
- - mucus : Coc-c.
- - mucus with cough (pneumonia) : CHEL.
- - dark mucus of consistency of white of egg with soreness and oppression of chest : KALI-BI.
- - pus in morning : SEP.
- - slate-colored, with cough : KALI-BI.
- - slate-colored mucus : Nat-ar.
- **greenish** : Arn., ARS., Benz-ac., Borx., CARB-AN., CARB-V., Colch., Cur., FERR., HYOS., Kali-i., Led., LYC., Mag-c., NAT-C., Par., Phos., **PULS.**, SEP., SIL., STANN., **Syph.**, THUJ.
- profuse blood-streaked foul-tasting (phthisis florida after pneumonia) : FERR.
- in bronchitis : Arn.
- with chronic bronchorrhoea (dilated bronchi) : Cop.
- with bronchitis : **Puls.**
- with cough : Cann-s., COLOC., KALI-M., NAT-S., **STANN.**
- with cough evening and morning : KALI-C.
- and aggravation or headache : COLOC.
- and suppuration of right lung : CARB-AN.
- with deep, hollow cough : KALI-I.
- in whooping cough : STANN.
- dirty, mucus, causing gagging, after cough, with pain low down in lungs, as if something were tearing away : **NIT-AC.**
- gray : Cop.
- gray, cold mucus of putrid smell : RHUS-T.
- putrid : **Ham.**
- gray, profuse, purulent mucus, disgusting odor, sometimes mixed with blood, (chronic pulmonary catarrh) : Cop.
- in lumps : MANG-C.
- masses : MANG-C.
- in morning : LYC.
- worse in morning (laryngeal affection) : PAR.

- - mucus : **BENZ-AC.**, Sulph.
- - mucus nearly like matter, with cough, especially in morning when walking, and in evening when lying, with nausea, it sticks firmly and he can only expectorate with difficulty : **Psor.**
- - in oedema pulmonum : **KALI-I.**
- - offensive, with cough (phthisis) : **Stann.**
- - in phthisis : LACH.
- - in phthisis pituitosa : **KALI-I.**
- - after pneumonia : LYC.
- - profuse, in asthma : NAT-S.
- - profuse, in tuberculosis : NAT-AR.
- - pus in morning : SEP.
- - copious, salty, most profuse in morning, with cough : **STANN.**
- - lumps, of sweetish taste, with cough : Sulph.
- - with moderate cough (phthisis) : DULC.
- - in tuberculosis : DULC.
- - yellow : Carb-v., Cub., MERC-I-R., NIT-AC., **Ol-j.**, PSOR.
- - yellow, tough matter with cough : KALI-BI.
- - yellow mucus, with cough (catarrh) : Psor.
- - yellow pus and blood, with coughing spells, Spring and Autumn (phthisis) : KREOS.
- **hard** : Ammc., Con.
- - indurated : SPONG.
- **hawking** (See **hemming**) : Crot-h., Gamb.
- - mucus in little balls, with cough : PH-AC.
- - bloody water : **GELS.**
- - constant : Aspar., IOD., LACH.
- - constant and peculiar, in order to expel breath which has been taken for an imitation of bark of a dog, with breathing laborious and difficult, quickly repeated : Lyss.
- - constant desire : RUMX.
- - causing short cough : **Eug.**
- - a hard greenish lump : MERC-I-R.
- - in haemoptysis : ARS.
- - causes hemorrhage of bright red color : IP.
- - relieves hoarseness and hollow voice : Crot-t.
- - from larynx : Aloe.
- - dry feeling and scraping larynx, worse towards evening : COC-C.
- - caused by mucus in larynx : Am-be., Osm.
- - tenacious mucus in larynx, discharge of small lumps : Seneg.
- - caused by tough mucus in larynx : KALI-BI.
- - frequently obliged to hawk mucus from larynx, after which it soon collects again : CINA.

- - larynx becomes raw, sore : CARB-V.
- - frequent need to clear larynx : CAUST.
- - mucus : Cann-s., CARB-V., Caust.
- - mucus, especially in morning, with cough : NAT-M.
- - soft round smooth lump, size of a filbert : Ars-h.
- - as from a little sticky mucus (laryngitis) : CROT-H.
- - as from presence of a little sticky mucus which had to be got up : Crot-h.
- - tenacious, yellow or white mucus (laryngo-tracheitis, bronchitis) : HYDR.
- - a piece of thick mucus, relieves choking sensation as if something had lodged in throat : **Kali-i.**
- - tough white mucus : Senec.
- - mucus, transparent lumps every morning, sometimes bloody : SEL.
- - white mucus, with pains in head and face : Kali-m.
- - clear white mucus : Carb-ac.
- - milk-white mucus, with headache : **Kali-m.**
- - frequent, with nausea : MANC.
- - worse at night : **Rumx.**
- - worse on rising, from deep in throat : Aspar.
- - scraping in chest : **NUX-V.**
- - in clergyman's sore throat : Carbn-s.
- - rough feeling, trachea : **KALI-I.**
- heavy** : **Arum-d.**, OENA.
- - bloody mucus; with long-continued cough : OL-J.
- - when thrown into water falls to bottom and spreads like a heavy sediment : **SIL.**
- - during night and morning : ARS-I.
- **hemming**; some bright red blood comes up (See **hawking**) : **Hyper.**
- - constant : Aspar., IOD.
- - caused by crawling in throat : **KALI-C.**
- - mucus, small firm lumps (laryngo-phthisis) : AGAR.
- - mucus raises, soft, round smooth lump, size of a filbert : **Ars-h.**
- - when reading alone : ARG-MET.
- - caused by roughness with spasmodic cough : Nat-ar.
- **inability** (See **absent**; also Cough, **dry**) : **Asaf.**, Bar-c.
- - raises something from pit of throat which falls down again : **Eug.**
- - in typhoid : MOSCH.
- - excites vomiting : ARS-I.
- **jelly-like** : (See **mucus**).
- **larynx** : (See **hawking**; **hemming**).
- after **leucorrhoea** : Con.
- **lumpy**; little balls of mucus with cough caused by scraping in larynx (See **thick**) : COC-C.

- - little green bitter balls : Med.
- - small round balls difficult to expectorate : SQUIL.
- - mixed with blood during day (whooping cough) : MAG-M.
- - in bronchitis : MANG-C.
- - of a small lump of cheesy matter of strong odor : Sal-ac.
- - in clots, most in morning : NAT-M.
- - with cough : *Calc-s.*
- - with cough, worse evening and morning : KALI-C.
- - with effort : Alum.
- - globular mucus, some as large as a pea : Coc-c.
- - globular, grayish lump of thick mucus, containing a clot of black blood and appearing to come from throat : Stann.
- - milk-white globules of mucus : Chin-b.
- - granular during day or evening : CHIN.
- - loose granular (emphysema) : BROM.
- - pieces of granular mucus : LYC.
- - small badly smelling granules with cough and sore throat : SIL.
- - mucus, by day (whooping cough) : ARS.
- - in phthisis : CETR.
- - round : Arund.
- - small round : KALI-C.
- - scanty, falls in round, dark cherry-red (pneumonia) : **Acon.**
- - small, lumps of mucus, with cough : Arg-nit.
- - small, of mucus, with rawness back of uvula : Am-m.
- - small, like boiled starch, on rising in morning : COCA.
- - smoke-colored, round, a little streaked with blood, come flying out of mouth with force without effort : KALI-C.
- - tough mucus : Mang-c.
- - soft tubercles, big as a pea and very offensive in smell : MAG-C.
- - yellow, greenish : Mang-c.
- - yellow, like particles of rice, or as large as a pea: LYC.
- **lying**; loose and easier when he turns to left side : Thuj.
- **membranous**; cutaneous masses : SPONG.
- **menses**; during suppression : PULS.
- in **morning** : Acon., Alum., Ambr., Am-c., Bad., BRY., CALC., CARB-V., FERR., HEP., KALI-BI., Led., Lyc., Mag-c., Mang-c., Mur-ac., NAT-M., Nit-ac., Ph-ac., PHOS., PULS., SEP., SQUIL., Sil., SUL-AC.
- - with cough, in bed : Aster.
- - dark, bloody, with cough from irritation in chest : Sul-ac.

- - with cough from tickling in epigastrum and throat : PH-AC.
- - with dry tickling cough in evening (bronchitis) : PHOS.
- - and during day : Am-c.
- - and during day, yellow thin or tough mucus : MAG-C.
- - early : NAT-M.
- - easy, yellowish, greenish lumps, even without coughing : Mang-c.
- - and evening : Aur.
- - less in evening : PHOS.
- - mucous : HEP.
- - only : DROS., SEP.
- - most profuse, with cough : STANN.
- - muco-purulent : PH-AC.
- - after rising : PULS.
- - slight, on rising (affection of lungs) : Sep.
- - salty : PH-AC.
- - salty, with conjunctivitis and leucoma : KALI-C.
- - salty, with accumulation of mucus, particularly at night (posterior nasal catarrh) : NAT-S.
- - thin, yellow, blood-streaked mucus, tasting sour : Sul-ac.
- - in ovarian tumor : APIS.
- - worse : FERR-P.
- - yellow or blood-streaked mucus, with bursting pain in forehead and shocks or beating as of hammers : NAT-M.
- - yellow, with cough : PH-AC.
- - yellow, viscid mucus, tasting saltish or like in old catarrh (whooping cough) : Mez.
- - yellowish : PH-AC.
- mucus** : Am-c., Ammc., ANT-T., ARG-N., ARS., **Arum-t.**, Aspar., Bapt, Bar-c., Bell., Bry., Calc., CARB-V., CHAM., Chlor., CHIN., Cina, Cist., Cop., Daph., Dulc., Ferr-i., Ind., IOD., KALI-S., KREOS., LACH., LYC., Mag-m., NIT-AC., NUX-M., PHOS., PULS., Ruta, SANG, STANN., Staph., SULPH., Thuj.
- - little balls, caused by scraping in larynx, with cough : COC-C.
- - in small, hard, round balls (incipient tuberculosis) : Agar.
- - and brownish blood, with cough (pleuro-pneumonia biliosa) : **Rhus-t.**
- - chronic bronchorrhoea (dilated bronchi) : Cop.
- - cold : NUX-M., PHOS.
- - colorless, tasteless, with cough : Sars.
- - constant : Aphis.
- - in coryza : Ammc.

- - with cough : Arum-t., Chel., COD., KALI-I.
- - with cough, in catarrh : COC-C.
- - during day, worse in morning : Borx.
- - with dry, spasmodic, or tedious chronic cough (scrofulosis) : CORN.
- - with hollow cough (croup) : PHOS.
- - with cough, in spasm of glottis : Chel.
- - with paroxysms of cough : Aspar.
- - with tickling cough : COC-C.
- - in whooping : CARB-V.
- - during day, worse in morning : Borx.
- - in gastric, nervous fever : LACH.
- - small flakes, in incipient tuberculosis : Agar.
- - white, gelatinous (paralysis) : CUR.
- - glairy : MERC-CY.
- - in hepatic disorder : Sil.
- - jelly-like : Berb., Viol-o.
- - jelly-like, dotted with bloody points : Laur.
- - jelly-like, difficult : DIG.
- - jelly-like, in low fever : CACT.
- - excited by crawling and tickling in larynx : Sabin.
- - small lumps and blood (prostatitis and atony of sexual organs) : Sel.
- - in lung, disease : KALI-M.
- - masses, from pharynx and choanae (angina) : MERC.
- - in morning and during day, worse talking, laughing, crying (children), lying on back on left side (influenza) : PHOS.
- - most in morning : Agar.
- - worse in morning and evening : BUFO.
- - with induration and enlargement of ovaries : Con.
- - in phthisis : KREOS., SEP.
- - in pneumonia and capillary bronchitis : CHEL.
- - in pneumonia, in stage of resolution : SPONG.
- - profuse, in bronchitis : URAN-N.
- - profuse, in phthisis : Tub.
- - profuse, weakening, and emaciating : CALC.
- - profuse, in bronchial catarrh and albuminuria : TER.
- - at first, finally purulent : Stann.
- - as if flecked with infinitesimal dark spots : Med.
- - sweetish : CALC.
- - tasteless, easy expectoration, often streaked with blood during each attack of whooping cough : Dulc.
- - thick, non-viscid, easily detached from air passages, followed by clear ring of voice after a day or two : Tub.
- - slightly thick, white, frothy, not profuse : Eucal.
- - in syphilitic sore throat : MEZ.

- - viscid, difficult to raise in morning and evening, on lying down, with cough : PAR.
- - worse in wet weather and in morning : IOD.
- with **nausea** : (See **vomiting**).
- at **night** (See **evening** ; also Cough **night**) : Alum., Am-m., Arn., Calc., CAUST, Coc-c., Euphr., Kali-c., LED., Lyc., Phos., RHOD., Sabad., **SEP.**, STAPH., Sulph.
- - after midnight and in morning : LED.
- - only at night : CUPR-ACT.
- **odor**; bad (See **taste**) : HEP.
- bad, even to patient : SANG.
- a mass as large as a pea, emitting a carrion-like, on being crushed by fingers, after cough (tuberculosis) : HEP.
- - of old catarrh : IGN.
- - disgusting : Cop.
- - empyreumatic : SQUIL.
- - like milk, in whooping cough : SPONG.
- - mouldy : BORX.
- - offensive : MAG-M., NIT-AC., SQUIL.
- - offensive, during day (whooping cough) : MAG-M.
- - offensive mucus : HEP.
- - makes water turbid, that which sinks having offensive : SIL.
- - putrid : All-s., CALC., CARB-V., CUPR., RHUS-T., SULPH.
- - rotten (phthisis) : CETR., **HAM.**, **KREOS**.
- - stinking : CALC.
- - unpleasant : Carb-v.
- - without smell : Arg-met.
- **painful** (See **difficult**) : Cub.
- in **phthisis** : Cop., Hippoz.
- - hemorrhagic : ARS-I.
- - incipient, following amenorrhoea : Sang.
- - of tubercles : CARB-V.
- **profuse** : Ammc., Aspar., Bapt., CACT., Chlor., Cop., Daph., DULC., FERR., HYDR., LYC., MERC-I-F., MYOS., MYRIC., OENA., Phel., **Phos.**, Plb., SEP., SIL., **STANN.**, **Tub.**, UST., Viol-o.
- - in humid asthma : Jab.
- - lying on back (bronchitis) : ARS.
- - bloody (pneumonia) : Verat-v.
- - in bronchitis : Cop., NUX-V., **Zinc**.
- - with weakness of chest : STANN.
- - clear, transparent, mucus (grippe) : SENEK.
- - sprinkled over and through, with distinct clots of blood, with cough (typhoid pneumonia, pulmonary affections) : LAUR.

- - with cough : CHEL., COLCH., KREOS., PH-AC., **STANN**.
- - morning and during day (phthisis) : **Stann**.
- - in emphysema : CARB-V.
- - exhausting, with pharyngitis : PHYT.
- - after fainting : Ant-t.
- - in catarrhal fever : EUPHR.
- - in gastric nervous fever : LACH.
- - in low fever : CACT.
- - in prevailing fever : Am-m.
- - in hepatitis : LACH.
- - increasing, more than a pint in twenty-four hours : **Stann**.
- - following scratching in larynx : Amyg.
- - after midnight, with vomiting, caused by spasmodic cough : COC-C.
- - only in morning : Euph.
- - only in morning, with dry hacking cough (asthma) : **Zing**.
- - worse in morning : MYOS.
- - when moving : FERR.
- - mucous : All-s., **Am-m.**, MERC.
- - mucus, in asthma, after suppressed eruption of skin : HEP.
- - mucous, when clearing chest : Ant-c.
- - mucous, with coryza : **Lac-c**.
- - mucous, with cough : CHEL., COD.
- - mucous, with cough, in catarrhal fever : DULC.
- - mucus, with loose cough and loud bronchial rales : EUPHR.
- - mucous, light-colored, with violent winter cough in old people with spasmodic turns : KREOS.
- - mucus is easily expectorated : **ANT-T**.
- - mucus raised by involuntary hawking : **EUPHR**.
- - mucus, with oppression when trying to lie down (chronic bronchitis) : CACT.
- - mucus, later stinking pus, with cough (consumption) : GUAJ.
- - masses of tasteless white mucus (phthisis) : **Stann**.
- - seemingly from posterior nares : Dios.
- - night and morning : CARB-V.
- - bearing a strong resemblance to discharge from nostrils : Hippoz.
- - offensive (neglected pneumonia) : SEP.
- - in phthisis : CETR., **KALI-I.**, **Phos.**, SIL., STANN.
- - in pneumonia and capillary bronchitis : CHEL.
- - with cough, severe day and night, after pneumonia : LYC.

- - in pneumonia, in stage of resolution : SPONG.
- - non-purulent, with bronchitis : *Jab.*
- - whitish yellow pus, three or four vessels being filled daily, cough worse at night (phthisis) : KALI-C.
- - about a quart of tough glairy mucus, mixed with purulent matter (phthisis) : **Stann.**
- - sweetish, frothy, white mucus, with lumps : Cob.
- - sweetish or sour, lumpy mucus (bronchial catarrh) : CALC.
- - tenacious : KALI-BI.
- - tenacious, in grippe : SENEKG.
- - thick, heavy masses of yellow or greenish and putrid tasting mucus, and in such quantities as to cause choking and vomiting (bronchial and vesical catarrh) : COP.
- - thick, greenish-yellow, salty, offensive, after neglected pneumonia : LYC.
- - with vomiting, caused by cough after mid-night : COC-C.
- - thick yellow mucus with cough, with weak feeling in chest after it : Ruta.
- **purulent** (See **thick; yellow**) : Acet-ac., AGAR., Ail., All-s., Anac., Ant-t., Arg-n., Arn., Ars., ARS-I., Arum-d., Bar-c., Bell., Caps., Carb-an., CARB-V., Cetr., CIMX., Con., Cop., DROS., FERR., HEP., IOD., KALI-C., Kali-n., KREOS., LYC., MERC., MERC-I-R., Nat-c., NIT-AC., Ph-ac., Phel., PHOS., Plb., PULS., RHUS-T., SANG., SEP., **SIL.**, STANN., Staph., SULPH.
- - in asthma : NAT-S.
- - with bronchial dilatations : Cop., STANN.
- - in bronchitis : Arn.
- - chronic bronchorrhoea (dilated bronchi) : Cop.
- - chronic catarrh : *Ammc.*
- - with cough : COD., NAT-C., NAT-S., PH-AC., PLB., **PULS.**, **Sil.**
- - with cough, in pneumonia : KALI-N.
- - in whooping cough : ZINC.
- - dirty, resembling pus, but thinner, when falling on a hard surface breaks like thin butter : PHOS.
- - fetid (See **odor** and **taste**) : GUAJ.
- - greenish : LED.
- - ichorous : **ARS.**
- - dark red inflammation and swelling of parts, worse in morning (phthisis laryngeal) : MERC-I-R.
- - flatness of entire left lung, with chronic pneumonia : **Grin.**

- - large mass at every paroxysm of cough, followed by prostration, can hardly speak (consumption) : KREOS.
- - mucus : Phel., Plb., Syph.
- - mucus, with bronchial catarrh of the aged : *Ter.*
- - mucus, with cough : NAT-S.
- - mucus, with cough in evening : KALI-C.
- - mucus, after suppression of measles : SULPH.
- - mucus, in morning : HEP.
- - mucus, with cough, at night : STAPH.
- - mucus, with emphysema : NIT-AC.
- - mucus, free in morning, sticky and scanty during day : AIL.
- - mucus, in phthisis : ARS-I., PIX.
- - mucus, with cough, after pneumonia : Grin.
- - mucus and profuse : **PULS.**
- - with cough and pain about last ribs, left side : NAT-S.
- - in phthisis : BROM., CARB-V.
- - in phthisis pituitosa : **KALI-I.**
- - in pneumonia : **Verat-v.**
- - with pneumonia : KALI-N.
- - in chronic pneumonia : HEP.
- - after typhoid pneumonia, with cough : LYC.
- - and profuse : LYC., SIL.
- - profuse in asthma : SIL.
- - profuse in torpid cases of bronchitis : KALI-BR.
- - profuse, with cough : **Stann.**
- - after a coughing spell : KREOS.
- - profuse, loose, with cough : DIG.
- - profuse, in phthisis : TRIL-P.
- - in pneumonia : SULPH.
- - slate-colored, with chronic catarrh : KALI-BR.
- - secondary syphilis : **Syph.**
- - thin, stained deeply with blood (pneumonia) : RHUS-T.
- - yellow : PHOS.
- - yellow acrid, of offensive odor, with cough (whooping cough) : **NIT-AC.**
- - yellow greenish : **STANN.**
- - whitish yellow, profuse (phthisis) : KALI-C.
- **putrid** : (See **odor; taste**)
- **ropy** : (See **tenacious**).
- **rusty** : (See **bloody**).
- **salivary** : Astac.
- - in bronchitis : MERC.
- **salty** : (See **taste**).
- **scabs**; coughed up every few weeks : FERR.
- - green, coughed up (phthisis) : KALI-C.

- **scanty** (See Cough **dry**; **difficult**; also **seldom**) :
ALUMN., Apoc., ARS., BROM., **Bry.**, CHEL., CHIN., Chinin-ar., **Eup-per.**, **FERR.**, IOD., KALI-BI., LACH., Nat-ar., PHOS., SPONG., **Stict.**
- bloody mucus, with cough : **Rhus-t.**
- in bronchitis : Arn., IOD., MANG-C.
- in catarrh of lungs : HEP.
- in croup : **Samb.**
- in diphtheria : LACH.
- in evening, with cough : DIG.
- in catarrhal fever : **Ruta.**
- frothy mucus, by day (whooping cough) : ARS.
- latent, gray (pneumonia) : LYC.
- in hepatic disorder : **Sil.**
- mucus : **Asc-t.**, HEP., IP., SIL.
- but relieving cough : COCA.
- white mucus : APOC.
- with small particles of hard yellow phlegm : DIG.
- **seldom** : Am-c., APIS, Aur., **Brom.**, **Bry.**
- during day : Asaf.
- in catarrhal fever : **Ruta.**
- **serous** (See **thin**; **transparent**) : NAT-M., VERAT.
- sometimes bloody, with cough : Vario.
- with troublesome cough : Vario.
- containing small flocculi, with cough before midnight and in morning (tuberculosis) : HEP.
- in pneumonia : ARN.
- watery : Carb-v., Cham., LACH., MERC.
- watery, in bronchitis : MERC.
- watery, during day (whooping cough) : MAG-M.
- watery (emphysema) : CARB-V.
- watery matter (inflammation of lungs) : KALI-S.
- like **soapsuds** : (See **frothy**).
- **sticky** : (See **tenacious**).
- **stringy** : (See **tenacious**).
- is **swallowed** (See **inability**) : Apis, ARN., Calad., Cann-s., **CAUST.**, CON., CHR-AC., Dig., Dros., Eug., KALI-C., LACH., NAT-M., NUX-M., Psor., SEP., Spong., Staph., Zinc.
- in bronchitis : ARN.
- with cough, especially in morning : SPONG., Zing.
- at night : STAPH.
- **taste**; bad : CHIN., CIST.
- bitter : Arn., Ars., BRY., Canth., CHAM., DROS., KALI-BI., Merc., NIT-AC., NUX-V., **PULS.**, Sep., Verat.
- little, green, bitter balls : Med.
- bitter, during apyrexia, with cough (quotidian ague) : **Puls.**

- bitter in whooping cough : ARS.
- bitter, yellow, more in morning : AIL.
- of blood : Chin.
- like old catarrh : IGN., **PULS.**, Sulph.
- like old cheese : Bry., CHIN., KALI-C., LYC., THUJ.
- disagreeable, gangrene pulmonum : CARB-AN.
- fatty : Caust., MAG-M.
- fatty, during day (whooping cough) : MAG-M.
- fetid : All-s., Arn., Bell., CALC., Carb-v., Cham., Con., Cupr., Ferr., **Kali-perm.**, Puls., SEP., **SIL.**, Stann.
- fetid, with bronchial dilatation : KALI-BI.
- fetid, with chronic bronorrhoea (dilated bronchi) : Cop.
- with cough : PH-AC.
- fetid, purulent : CHIN., LED., LYC.
- flat : Anac., NAT-M., Sulph.
- foul, in bronchitis : MERC.
- foul, puslike : DROS.
- foul, ulcers in lungs broke (phthisis) : **Sul-ac.**
- greasy : Asaf., **SIL.**
- herby : PH-AC.
- like ink : Calc.
- metallic, with convulsive evening cough : IP.
- metallic, in whooping cough : ZINC.
- mouldy : BOR.
- musty : Borx., Jug-c., Nat-c.
- nauseous mucus : IP.
- offensive : ARN., ARS., CALC., CARB-AN., **CARB-V.**, Cham., Con., DROS., Ferr., Ham., Ip., LACH., MERC., Nat-m., Nit-ac., PULS., Sabad., Sal-ac., Sang., SEP.
- offensive, in bronchitis : Arn.
- offensive, in catarrh : **PULS.**
- offensive, with cough : PH-AC.
- offensive, with whoop-ing cough : ARS.
- offensive, in chronic inflammation of larynx and trachea : KALI-BI.
- offensive, with last stages of phthisis : PHEL.
- offensive, after pneumonia : LYC.
- offensive, in neglected pneumonia : SEP.
- offensive, muco-purulent (vaginitis) : **Sep.**
- putrid : Alum., Cham., CUPR., FERR., KALM., LACH., **STANN.**, Sulph., Verat.
- putrid, in whooping cough : ARS., CUPR., ZINC.
- putrid, especially after measles, scarlatina or during pregnancy : Con.
- rotten, nauseating (phthisis) : CETR.

- - salty : Alum., AMBR., Ant-t., Ars., Bar-c., CALC., CARB-V., Chin., Chin-b., DROS., GRAPH., HYOS., IOD., KALI-C., KALM., LACH., LYC., Mag-c., Mag-s., Mez., NAT-C., NAT-M., NAT-S., NIT-AC., NUX-M., NUX-V., Ph-ac., PHOS., PULS., Samb., SEP., Sil., **Spong.**, STANN., Sulph., Verat.
- - salty, in whooping cough : ARS.
- - salty, green and yellow, after suppressed itch, with cough : **Psor.**
- - salty, with haemoptysis : CHIN.
- - salty, in morning : KALI-C.
- - salty, in morning and day : MAG-C.
- - salty mucus : Spong.
- - salty mucus with cough (catarrh) : COC-C.
- - salty, yellowish : Lac-ac.
- - sour : AMBR., Ant-c., Ant-t., Bell., CALC., CARB-V., Chin., Cham., **Ferr.**, HEP., IOD., KALI-C., Mag-m., NAT-M., NIT-AC., NUX-V., PH-AC., PHOS., Plb., PULS., STANN., Sulph., Tarax., Verat.
- - sweetish : Anac., Ant-s-aur., Apis, Astac., CALC., Cob., DIG., **Ferr.**, HEP., IOD., Kali-c., Kreos., Lach., Lycps-v., Mag-c., NUX-V., PHOS., Plb., Puls., Sabad., Samb., SQUIL., STANN., Sulph.
- - sweet, in albuminuria or ascites : APIS.
- - sweetish, in whooping cough : ZINC.
- - sweetish, greenish lumps : Sulph.
- - sweet, with hectic (bronchial catarrh) : **Ptel.**
- - tasteless : ARG-MET., **Phos.**, **Rumx.**, **Stann.**, **Syph.**
- - tasteless, in albuminuria or ascites : APIS.
- - tasteless mucus : CIST.
- - tasteless mucus, in whooping cough : CINA.
- - unpleasant : Lycps-v.
- - unpleasant flat taste, in whooping cough : BRY,
- **tenacious** (tough) : Acon., Anac., Ant-s-aur., Aur., Bell., Bov., Bry., Cact., Cadm-s., Carb-v., CHAM., Chin., CIST., Coca, Dulc., Ferr., HYDR., Indg., Iod., **KALI-BI.**, **KALI-C.**, Lach., Mag-c., Merc., Mez., PHOS., PHYT., RHUS-T., Seneg., SIL., SPONG., ZINC.
- - adherent, in typhoid fever : **Phos.**
- - adherent, in pneumonia : **Sulph.**
- - adheres to vessel : OENA.
- - adhesive, in bronchitis : MANG-C.
- - air can hardly pass through (cramp) : **Lac-ac.**
- - in bronchitis : MERC.
- - chunky mucus, with cough (membranous croup) : **KALI-BI.**
- - clear, like white of egg (whooping cough) : SENEG.
- - with cough : Cann-s., NAT-S.

- - with cough, at night : STAPH.
- - with teasing cough, in pneumonia : **Nux-v.**
- - in whooping cough : ZINC.
- - in croup : **Samb.**
- - during day (whooping cough) : MAG-M.
- - difficult to detach : Grin.
- - can hardly be dislodged, seems to stick like glue : NIT-AC.
- - in old drunkards : ANIS.
- - in typhoid fever : **Phos.**
- - in gangraena pulmonum : CARB-AN.
- - gelatinous, in membranous croup : KALI-BI.
- - gelatinous, with exostosis on skull : ARG-MET.
- - glairy mucus (oedema larynges) : SANG.
- - adheres to vessels, like glue (pleuro-pneumonia) : **ANT-T.**
- - gluey : CALC.
- - gluey, in pneumonia : IOD.
- - glutinous mass, with great difficulty : All-s.
- - grayish-white mucus, drawn out in threads, with cough : Ferr.
- - gumlike mucus : CIST.
- - hawking painful : CANTH.
- - cannot be hawked up : AM-M.
- - in chronic inflammation of larynx and trachea : KALI-BI.
- - hard to separate, falling in jelly-like lumps, light in color, almost a yellow or soft brick shade (pneumonia) : BRY.
- - black lumps (chronic bronchitis) : KALI-BI.
- - in small lumps of white mucus : Sin-n.
- - remains in lungs : LYC.
- - worse in morning (laryngeal affection) : PAR.
- - of mucus : Ammc., CHIN., Coc-c., IOD., Jug-c., LACH., Naja, PHOS., Verat.
- - mucus, like old catarrh, with cough : ZINC.
- - mucus, which is lodged in chest : ARS.
- - mucus, with coryza : **Lac-c.**
- - mucus, with cough caused by tickling of larynx, awaking him at 11.30 P.M. : **Coc-c.**
- - mucus, with cough at noon : Bell.
- - mucus, long strings, in diphtheritic croup : KALI-BI.
- - small quantities of mucus only during day : SAMB.
- - long mucus, in diphtheritic croup : KALI-BI.
- - mucus, hard to get up, in old people (pulmonary catarrh) : ARS.
- - mucus, in phthisis : **Sep.**
- - mucus, in pneumonia : ANT-T.
- - profuse mucus, especially in morning (chronic bronchial catarrh) : PHOS.